



## Promoting British Values

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### King David Primary School

Approved by:

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## **Introduction**

As of September 2014, the DfE requires all schools to promote the historical and current values that underpin the national identity known as “being British”. Within this, all schools are required to ensure that the curriculum actively promotes these fundamental British values.

### ***What is “Britishness”?***

British values are defined by OFSTED and the DfE as:

- Democracy, respect for democracy and support for participation in the democratic process.
- The rule of law and respect for the basis on which the law is made and applies in England
- Support for equality of opportunity for all
- Individual liberty and support and respect for the liberties of all within the law
- Mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs
- Respect for and tolerance of different faiths and religious and other beliefs

### ***What does ‘Actively promote ...’ mean?***

- Focus on, and show how, the school’s work is effective in securing these values
- Challenging pupils, staff or parents who express opinions contrary to British values

## **Aims**

At King David Primary School – and in line with the individual pupils’ capacity to understand the concepts and ideas – we aim to:

### **1. Democracy:**

- Provide pupils with a broad general knowledge of, and promote respect for, public institutions and services
- Teach pupils how they can influence decision-making through the democratic process
- Include in the curriculum information on the advantages and disadvantages of democracy and how it works in Britain
- Encourage pupils to become involved in decision-making processes and ensure they are listened to in school
- Hold ‘mock elections’ so pupils learn how to argue and defend points of view
- Help pupils to express their views
- Teach pupils how public services operate and how they are held to account
- Model how perceived injustice can be peacefully challenged

### **2. Rule of law**

- Ensure school rules and expectations are clear and fair
- Help pupils to distinguish right from wrong
- Help pupils to respect the law and the basis on which it is made
- Help pupils to understand that living under the rule of law protects individuals
- Include visits from the police in the curriculum

- Teach pupils aspects of both civil and criminal law and discuss how this might differ from some religious laws
- Develop restorative justice approaches to resolve conflicts

### **3. Individual liberty**

- Support pupils to develop their self-knowledge, self-esteem and self-confidence
- Encourage pupils to take responsibility for their behaviour, as well as knowing their rights
- Model freedom of speech through pupil participation, while ensuring protection of vulnerable pupils and promoting critical analysis of evidence
- Challenge stereotypes
- Implement a strong anti-bullying culture
- Follow the UNICEF rights respecting schools agenda

### **4. Respect and tolerance**

- Promote respect for individual differences
- Help pupils to acquire an understanding of, and respect for, their own and other cultures and ways of life
- Challenge prejudicial or discriminatory behaviour
- Develop links with faith communities
- Develop critical personal thinking skills
- Discuss differences between people, such as differences of faith, ethnicity, disability, gender or sexuality and differences of family situations, such as looked- after children or young carers

### **Teaching and Learning**

Every school is expected to ensure that its curriculum enables the pupils to explore what it means to be British. Within this, schools are encouraged to develop the pupils' ability to:

- describe their own identities and the groups that they feel they belong to;
- recognise different identities and experiences;
- appreciate that identity consists of many factors;
- recognise that each person's identity is unique and can change;
- begin to understand the idea of stereotypes.

### **Activity Examples**

In line with their individual cognitive difficulties and special educational needs, the pupils:

- discuss the different groups to which they belong;
- describe themselves to other people: o

Where are they from etc?

o do they like doing?

o What are they good at?

o What are their beliefs?

o What clubs do they attend?

- identify a celebrity who they think is typically British

- Understand how Britishness differs from being English, Scottish, Irish or Welsh
- use flash cards to choose qualities they believe best represent Britishness?
- identify where they form their opinions from (media, family, holidays etc)
- Evaluate a range of statements about Britishness and state if they are fair? For instance, are they
  - o Realistic?
  - o Do we all share the same values?
- Explore the value of over-generalisations about people and the pitfalls of stereotyping
- Explore examples of what other people say about the British (stereotypical):
  - o Which of the stereotypes are negative?
  - o Can a stereotype be positive?
- Understand why they think other people have these stereotypes of Britishness
- Produce a report which will examine and explore the question of Britishness - targeting different audiences for their report (for example a year three child, a visiting student from overseas, etc)

### **Links with other schools**

King David Primary school actively promotes and seeks out links with all schools of all faiths in order to enrich the cultural experiences and learning opportunities for all our pupils and staff. We recognise the value of teaching our pupils about the laws and customs of other faiths so that they can understand their own in faith in a wider context and so that they can develop tolerance and understanding for others.